











Date Reference

23/07/2025 TDS03184

Performance Related

Materia

Installation Related



























Product

A high security, high performance, through fixing, torque controlled expansion anchor which has approval for use in cracked and non-cracked concrete.

Compliance

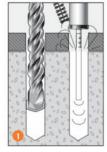
European Technical Assessment (option1) - ETA-10/0276 Design According to current standards:

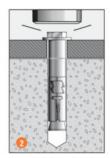
- AS 5216
- AS 1170.4 Earthquake Actions
- EN 1992-4 (formerly ETAG001 Annex C, E & TR045)
- NZS 3101 (A3) Section 17 Seismic Design C1 & C2

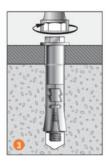
M12 x 120 tested and qualified for 150mm thick concrete substrate thickness as per *Swinburne University Report April* 2025

Qualified for Cracked Concrete and Seismic C1 & C2

Installation







- 1. Drill or core hole to the recommended diameter and depth using the fixture as a template. Clean the hole thoroughly with a hole cleaning brush. Remove the debris with a hand pump, compressed air, or vacuum. pump, compressed air etc.
- 2. After ensuring that the anchor is assembled correctly, insert the anchor through the fixture and drive with a hammer until the washer contacts the fixture
- 3. Tighten the bolt with a torque wrench to the specified assembly torque.

Benefits, Advantages and Features

Highest level of European approval for mechanical expansion anchors

Suitable for structural loads:

- Safety critical loads
- High tensile capacity of Grade 8.8 Steel Bolts
- Heavy duty, heat-treated washer
- Heavy duty, thick expansion sleeve that provides secure grip to concrete

Improved security:

- Large expansion reserve that ensures retention in concrete if overloaded
- Torque induced pull down closes gaps and induces preload

Resistance to cyclic loading:

 Heavy duty sleeve with integrated pull-down section works to retain 65% of initial preload

Fire Rated

Refer to Specifiers Anchoring Resource Book ANZ Ed3

Principal Applications

- Bracing Precast Concrete Panels
- Concrete substrate thickness ≥ 150 mm
- Seismic Anchoring to Category C1/C2
- Anchoring into cracked & non-cracked concrete
- Safety critical loads

Description and Part Numbers

Drilled hole diameter, d _h (mm)	Effective Length, L _e	Maximum Fixture Thickness, t _{fix,max} (mm)	SpaTec™ Xtrem™ Description	ETA Designation Number	Part No
18	105	25	M12 x 120mm zinc	V12-18/25	SP12120

Effective Depth, hef (mm)

 $h_{ef} = Le - t$

t = total thickness of material(s) being fixed















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Installation and Static and Seismic Performance details - per anchor

Cracked and Non-Cracked Concrete

Non-Cracked Concrete (static & quasi-static loading)												
	Drilled hole	hole effective	Anchor effective depth, her	Depth of drill hole, h ₁ (mm)	Tightening torque, T _r (Nm)	Static Shear Resistance Steel, φV _{us}	Non-Cracked Concrete Tension, φN _{ur,ucr} (kN)**					
Part No.	diameter, d _h (mm)						Concrete Compressive Strength, f'c (MPa)					
			(111111)			(kN)*	20 25 32 4			40	50	
SP12120	18	20	80	105	80	44.7	21.5	23.9	27.1	30.3	33.4	

Cracked Concrete (static & quasi-static loading)												
		Drilled hole	Fixture hole	Anchor	Depth of	ole, torque, T _r	of Tightening	Static Shear	Cracked Concrete Tension, φN _{ur,cr} (kN))**
Part	Part No.	diameter, d _h (mm)	diameter, d _f (mm)	effective depth, h _{ef} (mm)	drill hole, h₁ (mm)		Resistance Steel, φV _{us}	Concrete Compressive Strength,		ength, f'c (M	: (MPa)	
							(kN)*	20 25 32 40			40	50
SP12	120	18	20	80	105	80	44.7	15.3	17.0	19.3	21.6	23.8

Data is based on the use of one anchor. The MINIMUM edge distance to ensure no concrete splitting occurs must be ecr.sp = 250 mm

For shear loads acting towards an edge where minimum dimensions are not achievable, please use the simplified strength limit state design process to verify capacity or contact Ramset™ Engineer.

Minimum concrete substrate thickness is $b_m = 150$ mm.

Seismic - Category C1

Part No.	Drilled hole diameter, d₁(mm)	Fixture hole diameter,d _f (mm)	Anchor effective depth, h _{ef} (mm)	Depth of drill hole, h ₁ (mm)	Tightening torque, Tr (Nm)	C1 Seismic Shear Resistance	C1 Seismic Cracked Concrete Tension, N _{Rd,seis,C1} (kN)**				
raitivo.						Steel, V _{Rd,s,seis}	Concrete Compressive Strength,		Strength, f'c	c (MPa)	
		, ,	, ,			(kN)*	20	25	30	40	50
SP12120	18	20	80	105	80	11.3	13.0	14.5	15.9	18.4	20.2

Data is based on the use of one anchor. The MINIMUM edge distance to ensure no concrete splitting occurs must be $e_{cr,sp} = 250 \text{ mm}$

For shear loads acting towards an edge where minimum dimensions are not achievable, please use the simplified strength limit state design process to verify capacity or contact Ramset™ Engineer.

Minimum concrete substrate thickness is $b_m = 150$ mm.

Data includes annular gap reduction factor of 0.5

For further information, please contact Ramset™

AU-PHONE: 1300 780 063 www.ramset.com.au NZ-PHONE: 0800 RAMSET (726738) www.ramset.co.nz

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^{*}Note: Shear Resistance is based on steel resistance of one anchor with no influencing edge.

^{**}Note: Reduced characteristic ultimate tensile capacity = φN_{ur} where φ=0.67 and N_{ur} is based on characteristic ultimate pull-out tensile capacity.

^{*}Note: Shear Resistance is based on steel resistance of one anchor with no influencing edge.

^{**}Note: Reduced characteristic ultimate tensile capacity is governed by concrete cone resistance.















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Seismic - Category C2

	Part No.	Drilled hole diameter, dh (mm)	eter, hole	Anchor effective depth, h _{ef} (mm)	Depth of drill hole, h ₁ (mm)	Tightening torque, T _r (Nm)	C2 Seismic Shear Resistance	C2 Seismic Cracked Concrete Tension, N _{Rd,seis,C2} (kN)**					
							Steel, V _{Rd,s,seis}	Concrete Compressive Streng	Strength, f'c	gth, f'c (MPa)			
							(kN)*	20 25 30		40	50		
	SP12120	18	20	80	105	80	11.3	4.3	4.8	5.2	6.1	6.7	

Data is based on the use of one anchor. The MINIMUM edge distance to ensure no concrete splitting occurs must be ecr, sp = 250 mm

For shear loads acting towards an edge where minimum dimensions are not achievable, please use the simplified strength limit state design process to verify capacity or contact Ramset™ Engineer.

Minimum concrete substrate thickness is b_m = 150 mm.

Data includes annular gap reduction factor of 0.5

Installation and Fire Performance details - per anchor

	Drilled	Fixture	Anchor	Donth of	Tightening	Minimum Concrete		imensions* formance)
Part No.	hole diameter, d _h (mm)	hole diameter, d _f (mm)	effective depth, h _{ef} (mm)	Depth of drill hole, h ₁ (mm)	torque, T _r (Nm)	substrate thickness, b _m (mm) ***	Anchor spacing, a₅ (mm)	Edge** distance, e₅ (mm)
SP12120	18	20	80	105	80	150	N/A	250

^{*}Note: For edge distance less than the minimum dimensions, please contact your local Ramset Engineer.

Tension - Fire Performance

Part No.	Drilled hole diameter,	Anchor effective depth, h _{ef}	Characteristic Resistance Mode of Failure	Characteristic values of resistance to tension loads in 20 MPa to 50 MPa concrete strength Fire resistance duration (minutes)					
	d _h (mm)	(mm)		Fire resistance duration (inimutes)					
				30	60	90	120		
		80	Steel Failure - N _{Rk,s,fi} (kN)	17.6	11.4	5.3	2.2		
SP12120	18		Pull-out failure concrete - $N_{Rk,p,fi}$ (kN)	-	-	-	-		
			Concrete cone failure - N _{RK,c,fi} (kN)	10.3	10.3	10.3	8.2		

Note: Bold values indicate limiting load. Data in table lists all possible failure mechanisms due to fire.

For further information, please contact Ramset™

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^{*}Note: Shear Resistance is based on steel resistance of the anchor with no influencing edge or anchor spacing.

^{**}Note: Reduced characteristic ultimate tensile capacity is governed by pull-out resistance.

^{**}Note: If the fire attack is from more than one side and to avoid concrete splitting the edge distance of the anchor shall be ≥ 300 mm.

^{***}Note: For performance based on smaller concrete substrate thickness, refer to iExpert Anchor Software or Ramset™ Engineer.















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Shear - Fire Performance

Part No.	Drilled hole diameter, d _h (mm)	Anchor effective depth, h _{ef} (mm)	Characteristic Resistance Mode of Failure	Characteristic values of resistance to shear loads in 20 MPa concrete strength Fire resistance duration (minutes)					
	u _n (IIIII)			30	60	90	120		
		80	*Steel Failure - V _{Rk,s,fi} (kN)	17.6	11.4	5.3	2.2		
0040400	40		Steel Failure with lever arm - M ⁰ _{Rk,p,fi} (kNm)	27.3	17.8	8.2	3.4		
SP12120	18		**Concrete edge failure - V _{Rk,c,fi} (kN)	6.5	6.5	6.5	5.2		
			Concrete Pry-out failure - V _{Rk,cp,fi} (kN)	10.3	10.3	10.3	8.2		

^{*}Note 1: Bold values indicate limiting load for conditions without lever arm. Data in table lists all possible failure mechanisms due to fire.

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^{**}Note 2: Concrete edge failure based on optimal concrete edge distance for fire performance ec = 2xhef = 160 mm. However, The MINIMUM edge distance to ensure no concrete splitting occurs must be e_{cr,sp} = 250 mm and if the fire attack is from more than one side the MINIMUM edge distance of the anchor shall be ≥ 300 mm.